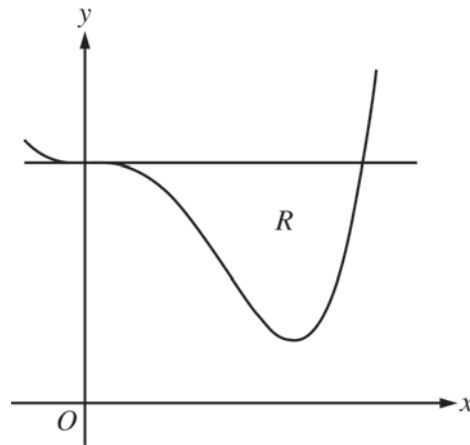


2014 AB #2
(calculator active)



R is the region bounded from above by the horizontal line $y = 4$ and the curve $f(x) = x^4 - 2.3x^3 + 4$

- (a) The curves intersect when $f(x) = 4 \Rightarrow$ Solve using your calculator: $x = 0$ and 2.3
The volume of the solid if R is rotated about the line $y = -2$ is

$$\pi \int_0^{2.3} ((4 - (-2))^2 - (f(x) - (-2))^2) dx \approx 98.86788997 \quad \boxed{98.868}$$

- (b) The volume is $\int_0^{2.3} (\text{Area of each cross section}) dx$

Since each cross section is an isosceles right triangle with one of the legs in R , then the legs are both the base and height of the triangle \Rightarrow

$$\text{the area of each cross section is } \frac{1}{2}(\text{leg})^2 = \frac{1}{2}(4 - f(x))^2 .$$

$$\text{Hence, the Volume} = \int_0^{2.3} \frac{1}{2}(4 - f(x))^2 dx \approx 3.573715598 \quad \boxed{3.574}$$

- (c) The area from 0 to k = the area from k to $2.3 \Rightarrow \int_0^k (4 - f(x)) dx = \int_k^{2.3} (4 - f(x)) dx$